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10	Houston, Texas 77002 Tel: (713) 221-2500	
11	Fax: (713) 228-3510	
12	Attorneys for Defendant THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY	
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
14	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
- 1		
15	LOS ANGELES DIVISION	My.
15 16	JORGE ACOSTA CORTES; ANTONIO) CASE NO. 1 7 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
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16	JORGE ACOSTA CORTES; ANTONIO) ACUNA AGÜERO; GERARDO ACUNA MURILLO; JAVIER RAMON) AGUERO ARTAVIA; TEODORO OCASE NO. NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF ACTION UNDER 28 U.S.C.	
16 17	JORGE ACOSTA CORTES; ANTONIO) ACUNA AGÜERO; GERARDO ACUNA MURILLO; JAVIER RAMON) AGUERO ARTAVIA; TEODORO AGUERO MORA; VICTOR HUGO AGUILAR CESPEDES; JOSE JOAQUIN AGUILAR MONTERO; OSCAR AGUILAR MORA: ALBINO	
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	ARAYA HERNANDEZ; JUAN) ARAYA ORTEGA; BENEDICTO)
5	ARAYA ORTEGA; BENEDICTO)
	ARAYA ROJAS: JOSE DONALDO }
6	LARCE BEJARANO: VICTOR JULIO 👚)
	LARCE OLIESADA: ELIECER ARCE (C.)
7	RETANA: VICTOR ARGUEDAS 1
	MUNOZ: VIDAL ARIAS AVILA:
8	MUNOZ; VIDAL ARIAS AVILA;) GILBERTO ARIAS MEZA;
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9	BIENVENIDO ARIAS SOLANO:
	BIENVENIDO ARIAS SOLANO;) EDUARDO ARIAS VILLALOBOS;)
10	RAFAEL ANTONIO AVILA
10	CAMBRONERO; HUGO AVILES
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18	LUIS BAROUERO PICADO: CARLOS 1
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19	ALVARO BENAVIDES ESQUIVEL;
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1	JOSE GREGORIO BUZANO VEGA;
2	JOSE LUIS CALDERON BARBOZÁ;) OLDEMAR CALDERON SOLANO;) MELVIN CALVO VARGAS; RAFAEL)
3	ANGEL CAMBRONERO GUERRERO;) JOSE ALBERTO CAMPOS CAMPOS;
4	FRANCISCO CAMPOS ZUMBADO;) RODOLFO CARBALLO
5	BARRIENTOS; MARIANO
6	CARBALLO VÁRGAS; JOSE LIDIER) CARDENAS GARCIA; JUAN PABLO)
7	CARDENAS GARCIA; JUAN PABLO) CARRILLO CARRILLO; FELIX) CARRILLO MATARRITA; CAMILO) CARRILLO
8	MATARRITA; FRANCISCO (CARRILLO OBREGON,)
9	Plaintiffs,
10	Vs.
11	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
12	DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC.; DOLE FRESH FRUIT COMPANY;
13	CHIQUITA BRANDS COMPANY, NORTH AMERICA; CHIQUITA BRANDS, INC.; CHIQUITA BRANDS
14	BRANDS, INC.; CHIQUITA BRANDS) INTERNATIONAL, INC.; DEL
15	MONTE FRESH PRODUCE, INC.;) DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE
16	(WEST COAST), INC.; SHELL) AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL
17	COMPANY: SHELL CHEMICAL
18	COMPANY; and THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY; and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,
19	Defendants.
20)
	1

TO THE HONORABLE JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT, pursuant to the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA"), 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d) and 1453, The Dow Chemical Company ("Dow Chemical"), one of the defendants, hereby removes the above-entitled action along with the twenty-nine other identical actions filed the same day by the same

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lawyers in their entirety from the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles to the United States District Court for the Central District of California. This Court has removal and subject matter jurisdiction over the parties because these cases constitute a "mass action" under CAFA.

Dow Chemical would respectfully show the Court that this action is properly removable to this Court for the following reasons:

- 1. This action was filed as No. BC 403364; Acosta Cortes, et al. v. Dole Food Co., et al. on December 8, 2008 in the Superior Court of California for the County of Los Angeles. This is one of thirty identical cases filed by the same lawyers on the same date on behalf of a total of 2,485 plaintiffs from Costa Rica, Honduras, Panama and Guatemala. The claimants are divided alphabetically (by country) into 30 cases of less than 100 plaintiffs (most have 90) each in a transparent attempt to avoid federal jurisdiction under the "mass action" provisions of CAFA. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(11)(B).
- 2. Freeman v. Blue Ridge Paper Products, Inc. Less than two weeks ago, the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit recently decided a similar case, where, like here, the plaintiffs arbitrarily divided their claim into multiple actions for no reason "other than to avoid the clear purpose of CAFA," and held that "remand was not proper." Freeman v. Blue Ridge, F.3d —, No. 08-6321, 2008 WL 5396249, at *1 (6th Cir. December 29, 2008). The court of appeals went on to find that "CAFA was clearly designed to prevent plaintiffs from artificially structuring their suits to avoid federal jurisdiction." Id. at *2. Important here, the court went on the specifically declare that CAFA's "purposes support reading CAFA not to permit the splintering of lawsuits solely to avoid federal jurisdictions in the fashion done in this case." Id. at *3. This same reasoning applies with equal force here and these cases are collectively removable as a CAFA "mass action." See also Proffitt v. Abbott Laboratories, No. 2:08-CV-151, 2008 WL 4401367, at *5 (E.D. Tenn. Sept. 23, 2008) (holding that there was "no justification for dividing one

alleged drug conspiracy involving one defendant into eleven lawsuits . . . other than to circumvent the CAFA and federal court jurisdiction.").

3. Including the instant action, each of the following cases is being removed to this court:

	Case No.	Name
		Costa Rica
1.	BC403364	Jorge Acosta Cortes, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
2.	BC403380	Damian Carriillo Obregon, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
3.	BC403378	Hermenegildo Garita Sandi, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
4.	BC403365	Miguel Angel Mata Murillo, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
5.	BC403379	Jose Isaac Rodriguez Diaz, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
6.	BC403366	Jose Albino Villegas Mora, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
		Guatemala
7.	BC403375	Antonio Abrego, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
8.	BC403367	Regino Curin Lorenzo, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
9.	BC403376	Mauricio Hicho, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
10.	BC403434	Cosme Eladia Ortega Vanegas, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
11.	BC403377	Angel Antonio Suchite Garcia, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
		Honduras
12.	BC403371	Cesar Arnulfo Acosta, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
13.	BC403511	Lucio Calidonio, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
14.	BC403507	Marin Rafael Duenes, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
15.	BC403433	Jairo Arnoldo Juarez Goden, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
16.	BC403372	Reinaldo Alfonso Mendoza Bush, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
17.	BC403373	Jose Saul Padilla, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.

	Case No.	Name
18.	BC403508	Luciano Rodriguez Rodriguez, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
19.	BC403374	Roberto Ulloa, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
		Panama
20.	BC403431	Alis Abdiel Arauz, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
21.	BC403515	Gladys Alvarado Montenegro, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
22.	BC403432	Estanilao Caballero, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
23.	BC403516	Victor Chin Martinez, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
24.	BC403514	Roberto Gonzalez, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
25.	BC403430	Luis Hernandez Moreno, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
26.	BC403452	David Masa Arauz, et al. v. Dole Food Company, Inc., et al.
27.	BC403512	Carlos Munoz Barria, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
28.	BC403506	Narciso Pinedo, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
29.	BC403513	Hugo Salino Valdes, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.
30.	BC403362	Edwin Solis Villareal, et al. v. Dole Food Co., Inc., et al.

- 4. Under CAFA, "[t]he district courts shall have original jurisdiction of any civil action in which the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs, and is a class action in which . . . any member of a class of plaintiffs is a foreign state or a citizen or subject of a foreign state and any defendant is a citizen of a State." 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(B).
- 5. Also under CAFA, "a mass action shall be deemed to be a class action removable under paragraphs (2) through (10) if it otherwise meets the provisions of those paragraphs." 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(11)(A). Here, each of these actions is properly removable under CAFA on the following grounds:

- a. Collectively, there are more than 100 plaintiffs in these actions. 28 U.S.C. 1332(d)(11)(B)(i). More specifically, plaintiffs in these thirty cases are 2,485 citizens of Panama, Costa Rica, Honduras, and Guatemala. There are more than 100 plaintiffs from each country.¹
- b. A review of plaintiffs' identical complaints indicates that the total "matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs," 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2), and further indicates that the matter in controversy for each plaintiff "exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000." *Id.*; 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a); *see also Ellenberger v. Spartan Motors Chassis, Inc.*, 519 F.3d 192, 200 (4th Cir. 2008) (holding that it is "inappropriate for the district court to have required a removing party's notice of removal to meet a higher pleading standard than the one imposed on a plaintiff in drafting an initial complaint."). Each plaintiff alleges that as a result of exposure to the chemical pesticide DBCP, he "suffer[s] sterility and other serious injuries," Pl. Cmpl. at ¶ 11, and seeks special, general and punitive damages, *Id.* at ¶¶ 110-112. Thus, this Court has jurisdiction over each and every plaintiff because each plaintiff satisfies the "jurisdictional amount requirements under subsection (a)." 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(11)(B)(i).
- c. Plaintiffs assert personal injury claims arising from their alleged exposure to DBCP, as such, their claims involve common questions of law and fact. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(11)(B)(i); see also, e.g., Pl. Cmpl. at ¶ 1.²
- d. This is an action in which a least one of plaintiffs is a citizen or subject of a foreign state and at least one defendant is a citizen of a State. 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(B). More specifically:

¹ There are 461 plaintiffs from Costa Rica, 389 from Guatemala., 673 from Honduras, and 962 from Panama.

² Other than the names of the plaintiffs, the complaints are identical in all thirty actions.

- i. Plaintiffs in these thirty actions are all citizens of Panama, Costa Rica, Honduras or Guatemala, see, e.g., Pl. Cmpl. at ¶ 11;
- ii. Defendant Dow Chemical is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Midland, Michigan. *Id.* at 25.
- e. Fewer than one-third of plaintiffs (indeed none of plaintiffs) are citizens of California. 28 U.S.C. 1332(d)(3). *Id.* at ¶ 11.
- f. Fewer than two-thirds of plaintiffs (indeed none of plaintiffs) are citizens of California and none of their alleged injuries were incurred in this State. 28 U.S.C. 1332(d)(4). *Id.* at ¶¶ 6, 11.
- 6. The time within which Dow Chemical must file this Notice of Removal under 28 U.S.C. §1446(b) has not expired. None of the defendants was served prior to December 10, 2008.
- 7. Under CAFA, the presence of citizens of this State as defendants does not preclude removal. 28 U.S.C. § 1453(b) ("A class action may be removed . . . without regard to whether any defendant is a citizen of the State in which the action is brought[.]").
- 8. Under CAFA, a defendant may remove without the consent of all defendants. 28 U.S.C. § 1453(b) ("such action may be removed by any defendant without the consent of all defendants").
- 9. Copies of all process, pleadings and orders served on defendants is attached as Exhibit A.

WHEREFORE, Dow Chemical respectfully prays that the Court take jurisdiction over this action in its entirety until its conclusion.

and

MICHAEL L. BREM

Attorneys for Defendant
THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

EXHIBIT A

Case 2:09-cv-00193-CAS-V	BK - Document 1 - Filed 01/09/	09 Page 11 of 65 Page ID #:11
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, Statement of WALTER J. LACK, ESQ. (SBN 5755)	umber, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY #. II
ENGSTROM, LIPSCOMB & LACK	,	
10100 SANTA MONICA BL, 12th FL	. L.A., CA 90067	FILED
TELEPHONE NO.: 310-552-3800	LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COUR	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Plaintiffs, ACOSTA CO	ORTES, et al.	TOO UNATING RAT BY AND
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LO	S ANGELES	
STREET ADDRESS: SUPERIOR COURT - 0	CENTRAL	DEC 8 2008
MAILING ADDRESS: 111 NORTH HILL STE		BWG Q V 5656
CITY AND ZIP CODE: LOS ANGELES, CA 91	3012	
BRANCH NAME: CENTRAL	DOLE GOOD COMPANY INC	JOHNA/CLARKE, CLERK
CASE NAME: ACOSTA CORTES, et al. v	, DOLE FOOD COMPANI, INC.,	
et al.		CASE NUMBERSY MARY CARCIA, DEPUTY
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	BC403361
X Unlimited Limited (Amount (Amount	Counter Joinder	00903364
(Amount (Amount demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defend	ant JUDGE:
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	DEPT:
	ow must be completed (see instructions o	on page 2).
1. Check one box below for the case type the	it best describes this case:	
Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation
Auto (22)	Carried Dioposition of Contract Mariant's (24)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400–3.403)
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property	Other collections (09)	Construction defect (10)
Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)
Asbestos (04)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
Product liability (24)	Real Property	X Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Medical malpractice (45)	Eminent domain/Inverse	Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	condemnation (14)	types (41)
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	Enforcement of Judgment
Business tort/unfair business practice (07	/}	Enforcement of judgment (20)
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer	· · ·
Defamation (13)		Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
Fraud (16)	Residential (32)	RICO (27)
Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Professional negligence (25)	Judicial Review	Miscellaneous Civil Petition
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Employment	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)
Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	Į
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)	of Ocuse If the cope is compley, mark the
2. This case X is X is not con	nplex under rule 3.400 of the California Ri	ules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
factors requiring exceptional judicial man-		ar of witnesses
a. x Large number of separately repr		with related actions pending in one or more courts
b. X Extensive motion practice raising		nties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
issues that will be time-consuming c. X Substantial amount of document		postjudgment judicial supervision
		Least.
3. Remedies sought (check all that apply):	a.X monetary b. nonmonetary;	declaratory or injunctive relief ${ t c. } [{f X}]$ punitive
4. Number of causes of action (specify): 9		
5. This case is X is not a cl	ass action suit.	
6. If there are any known related cases, file	and serve a notice of related case. (You	nayuse form CM-Q15.)
7		IAL-HITANIVI ACK
Datë: December 8, 2008 Walter J. Lack, Esq.)	Marin Vian
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OF ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
	NOTICE	to a factor of the state of the
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the	e first paper filed in the action or proceedi	ing (except small claims cases or cases filed
	r wenare and institutions code). (Cal. Ru	lies of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result
In sanctions. File this cover sheet in addition to any co	over sheet required by local court rule.	ļ.
silf this case is complex under rule 3.400 c	et seq. of the California Rules of Court, yo	ou must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
** at how portion to the action or proceeding		· ·
 Unless this is a collections case under re 	lie 3.740 or a complex case, this cover sh	neet will be used for statistical purposes only.

INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE COURT SHEET

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiff's designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

Auto Tort

Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to arbitration, check this item Instead of Auto)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury) Property Damage/Wrongful Death)

Asbestos (04)

Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death

Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) (24)

Medical Malpractice (45)

Medical Malpractice-

Physicians & Surgeons

Other Professional Health Care

Malpractice

Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Premises Liability (e.g., slip

and fall)

Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD

(e.g., assault, vandalism)

Intentional Infliction of

Emotional Distress

Negligent Infliction of

Emotional Distress

Other PI/PD/WD

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Unfair Business

Practice (07)

Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination,

false arrest) (not civil

harassment) (08)

Defamation (e.g., slander, libel)

(13)Fraud (16)

Intellectual Property (19)

Professional Negligence (25)

Legal Malpractice

Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal) Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

Employment

Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES

Contract

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06)

Breach of Rental/Lease

Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction)

Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller

Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence) Negligent Breach of Contract/

Warranty

Other Breach of Contract/Warranty

Collections (e.g., money owed, open

book accounts) (09)

Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff

Other Promissory Note/Collections

Case

Insurance Coverage (not provisionally

complex) (18)

Auto Subrogation

Other Coverage

Other Contract (37) Contractual Fraud

Other Contract Dispute

Real Property

Eminent Domain/Inverse

Condemnation (14)

Wrongful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26)

Writ of Possession of Real Property

Mortgage Foreclosure

Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent

domain, landlord/tenant, or

foreclosure)

Unlawful Detainer

Commercial (31)

Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise.

report as Commercial or Residential)

Judicial Review

Asset Forfeiture (05)

Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)

Writ of Mandate (02)

Writ-Administrative Mandamus

Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court

Case Matter

Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review

Other Judicial Review (39)

Review of Health Officer Order

Notice of Appeal-Labor

Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400-3.403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)

Construction Defect (10)

Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)

Securities Litigation (28)

Environmental/Toxic Tort (30)

Insurance Coverage Claims

(arising from provisionally complex

case type listed above) (41)

Enforcement of Judgment

Enforcement of Judgment (20)

Abstract of Judgment (Out of County)

Confession of Judgment (non-

domestic relations)

Sister State Judgment

Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)

Petition/Certification of Entry of

Judgment on Unpaid Taxes

Other Enforcement of Judgment

Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

RICO (27)

Other Complaint (not specified above) (42)

Declaratory Relief Only Injunctive Relief Only (non-

harassment)

Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint

Case (non-tortinon-complex)

Other Civil Complaint

(non-tortinon-complex)

Miscellaneous Civil Petition

Partnership and Corporate

Governance (21)

Other Petition (not specified above) (43)

Civil Harassment

Workplace Violence

Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse

Election Contest

Petition for Name Change

Petition for Relief From Late

Claim

Other Civil Petition

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SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER
ACOSTA CORTES, et al. v. DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC., et al.	BC403364
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CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

This form is required pursuant to LASC Local Rule 2.0 in all new civil case fillings in the Los Angeles Superior Court.								
Item I.	Item I. Check the types of hearing and fill in the estimated length of hearing expected for this case:							
Item II. Step the left Step Step For an	Item I. Check the types of hearing and fill in the estimated length of hearing expected for this case: JURY TRIAL? YES CLASS ACTION? YES LIMITED CASE? YES TIME ESTIMATED FOR TRIAL 90 HOURS/ DAYS Item II. Select the correct district and courthouse location (4 steps – If you checked "Limited Case", skip to Item III, Pg. 4): Step 1: After first completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet Form, find the main civil case cover sheet heading for your case in the left margin below, and, to the right in Column A, the Civil Case Cover Sheet case type you selected. Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which best describes the nature of this case. Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Los Angeles Superior Court Local Rule 2.0. Applicable Reasons for Choosing Courthouse Location (see Column C below) 1. Class Actions must be filed in the County Courthouse, Central District. 2. May be filed in Central (Other county, or no Bodily Injury/Property Damage). 3. Location where bodily Injury, death or damage occurred. 4. Location where bodily Injury, death or damage occurred. 5. Location where performance required or defendant resides. 6. Location where petitioner resides. 7. Location where petitioner resides. 8. Location where petitioner of the parties reside. 9. Location where performance or more of the parties reside. 10. Location where one or more of the parties reside.							
Step	4: Fill in the information	on requested on page 4 in Item III; complete Item IV. Sign the declaration	1.					
.	A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	B Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above					
Auto Tort	Auto (22)	☐ A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1., 2., 4.					
Au	Uninsured Motorist (46)	☐ A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death – Uninsured Motorist	1., 2., 4.					
erty ort	Asbestos (04)	☐ A6070 Asbestos Property Damage ☐ A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death	2. 2.					
Properath T	Product Liability (24)	☐ A7260 Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental)	1., 2., 3., 4., 8.					
Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Tort	Medical Malpractice (45)	☐ A7210 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons ☐ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice	1., 2., 4. 1., 2., 4.					
Person age/Wro	Other Personal Injury	☐ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall) ☐ A7230 Intentional Bodily injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assault, vandalism, etc.)	1., 2., 4.					
Other Dami	Property Damage Wrongful Death (23)	A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1., 2., 4. 1., 2., 3. 1., 2., 4.					
erty 1 Tort	Business Tort (07)	☐ A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract)	1., 2., 3.					
y/Prop Death "	Civil Rights (08)	☐ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination	1., 2., 3.					
Injur ngful	Defamation (13) -	☐ A6010 Defamation (slander/libel)	1., 2., 3.					
Personal age/Wro	: 	☐ A6013 Fraud (no contract)	1., 2., 3.					
Non-Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Tort	i							

Employment

Contract

			_			_		
SHORT TITLE:								CASE NUMBER
ACOSTA CORTES,	et al.	v. DOLE	FOOD	COMPANY,	INC.,	et	al.	

A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	B Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons -See Step 3 Above
Professional Negligence (25)	☐ A6017 Legal Malpractice ☐ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)	1., 2., 3. 1., 2., 3.
Other (35)	☐ A6025 Other Non-Personal injury/Property Damage tort	2.,3.
Wrongful Termination (36)	☐ A6037 Wrongful Termination	1., 2., 3.
Other Employment (15)	☐ A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case ☐ A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals	1., 2., 3. 10.
Breach of Contract/ Warranty (06) (not insurance)	 □ A6004 Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not Unlawful Detainer or wrongful eviction) □ A6008 Contract/Warranty Breach -Seller Plaintiff (no fraud/negligence) □ A6019 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud) □ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence) 	2., 5. 2., 5. 1., 2., 5. 1., 2., 5.
Collections (09)	☐ A6002 Collections Case-Seller Plaintiff ☐ A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case	2., 5., 6. 2., 5.
Insurance Coverage (18)	☐ A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex)	1., 2., 5., 8.
Other Contract (37)	 □ A6009 Contractual Fraud □ A6031 Tortlous Interference □ A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence) 	1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 8.
Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)	☐ A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels	2.
Wrongful Eviction (33)	☐ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case	2., 6.
Other Real Property (26)	☐ A6018 Mortgage Foreclosure ☐ A6032 Quiet Title ☐ A6060 Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, foreclosure)	2., 6. 2., 6. 2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer- Commercial (31)	A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer- Residential (32)	☐ A6020 Unlawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer- Drugs (38)	☐ A6022 Unlawful Detainer-Drugs	2., 6.
Asset Forfeiture (05) Petition re Arbitration	2., 6.	
(11)	A6115 Petition to Compel/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration	2., 5,

Judicial Review (Cont'd.)

Provisionally Complex Litigation

Enforcement of Judgment

Miscellaneous Civil Complaints

Miscellaneous Civil Petitions

Document 1	Filed 01/09/09

SHORT TITLE:		 	•			CASE NUMBER
ACOSTA CORTES, et	t al. v.	COMPANY,	INC.,	et	al.	

A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	B Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
	☐ A6151 Writ - Administrative Mandamus	2., 8.
Writ of Mandate	☐ A6152 Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter	2.
(02)	☐ A6153 Writ - Other Limited Court Case Review	2.
Other Judicial Review (39)	☐ A6150 Other Writ /Judicial Review	2., 8.
Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	☐ A6003 Antitrust/Trade Regulation	1., 2., 8.
Construction Defect (10)	☐ A6007 Construction defect	1., 2., 3.
Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)	☐ A6006 Claims involving Mass Tort	1., 2., 8.
Securities Litigation (28)	☐ A6035 Securities Litigation Case	1., 2., 8.
Toxic Tort Environmental (30)	A6036 Toxic Tort/Environmental	1., 2., 3., 8.
Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)	☐ A6014 Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only)	1., 2., 5., 8.
	☐ A6141 Sister State Judgment	2., 9.
Enforcement	☐ A6160 Abstract of Judgment	2., 6.
of Judgment (20)	☐ A6107 Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations)	2., 9.
	☐ A6140 Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)	2., 8.
	☐ A6114 Petition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax	2., 8.
	☐ A6112 Other Enforcement of Judgment Case	2., 8., 9.
RICO (27)	☐ A6033 Racketeering (RICO) Case	1., 2., 8.
	☐ A6030 Declaratory Relief Only	1., 2., 8.
Other Complaints	☐ A6040 Injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/harassment)	2., 8.
(Not Specified Above)	☐ A6011 Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)	1., 2., 8.
(42)	☐ A6000 Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)	1., 2., 8.
Partnership Corporation Governance(21)	☐ A6113 Partnership and Corporate Governance Case	2., 8.
	☐ A6121 Civil Harassment	2., 3., 9.
	☐ A6123 Workplace Harassment	2., 3., 9.
Other Dettiller	☐ A6124 Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse Case	2., 3., 9.
Other Petitions (Not Specified Above)	☐ A6190 Election Contest	2.
(43)	☐ A6110 Petition for Change of Name	2., 7.
(70)	☐ A6170 Petition for Relief from Late Claim Law	2., 3., 4., 8.
(Not Specified Above) (43)	☐ A6100 Other Civil Petition	2., 9.

1	SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER
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	ACOSTA CORTES, et al. v. DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC., et al.	i
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Item III. Statement of Location: Enter the address of the accident, party's residence or place of business, performance, or other circumstance indicated in Item II., Step 3 on Page 1, as the proper reason for filing in the court location you selected.

REASON: CHECK THE NUMBER UNDER COLUMN C WHICH APPLIES IN THIS CASE 1. 22. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 28. 9. 10.			ADDRESS: One Dole Dr.
CITY: STATE: ZIP CODE: Westlake Village CA 91362			

Item IV. Declaration of As	ssignment: I declare under penalty of perjury	under the laws of	the State of Cal	ifornia that	the foregoing is
true and correct and that	the above-entitled matter is properly filed for	assignment to the	Los Angeles	scc	ourthouse in the
Central	District of the Los Angeles Superior Court	(Code Civ. Proc.,	§ 392 et seq.,	and LASC	Local Rule 2.0,
subds. (b), (c) and (d)).		1.		ı	A

Dated: December 8, 2008

(SIGNATURE OF ATTORNE) VFILING PARTY)

Walter J. Lack, Esq.

PLEASE HAVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS COMPLETED AND READY TO BE FILED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY COMMENCE YOUR NEW COURT CASE:

- 1. Original Complaint or Petition.
- 2. If filing a Complaint, a completed Summons form for issuance by the Clerk.
- 3. Civil Case Cover Sheet form CM-010.
- Complete Addendum to Civil Case Cover Sheet form LACIV 109 (Rev. 01/07), LASC Approved 03-04.
- 5. Payment in full of the filing fee, unless fees have been waived.
- Signed order appointing the Guardian ad Litem, JC form FL-935, if the plaintiff or petitioner is a minor under 18 years of age, or if required by Court.
- Additional copies of documents to be conformed by the Clerk. Copies of the cover sheet and this addendum
 must be served along with the summons and complaint, or other initiating pleading in the case.

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ACIV 109 (Rev. 01/07) LASC Approved 03-04

SUMIVIONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California

SUM-100 [Rev. Jenuary 1, 2004]

DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC.; DOLE FRESH FRUIT COMPANY; CHIQUITA BRANDS COMPANY, NORTH AMERICA; CHIQUITA BRANDS, INC.; (SEE ATTACHMENT FOR ADDITIONAL DEFENDANTS)

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:

(LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

JORGE ACOSTA CORTES; ANTONIO ACUNA AGÜERO; GERARDO ACUNA MURILLO; JAVIER RAMON AGUERO ARTAVIA; (SEE ATTACHMENT FOR ADDITIONAL PLAINTIFFS)

FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT

DEC 8, 2008

JOHN A CLARKE, CLERK BY MARY CARCIA, DEPUTY

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filling fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplímiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

<u></u>					
The name and address of the (El nombre y dirección de la consuperior COURT - CE)	orte es):		CASE NUMBER: (Número del Caso):	BC4033	64
111 NORTH HILL STREE					
LOS ANGELES, CA 9001	12				
The name, address, and telep	hone number of plaintiff's attorney, o	or plaintiff without an attor	ney, is:	b d 3 -	
WALTER J. LACK, SBN	úmero de teléfono del abogado del o 57550	gemangante, o del demar 310-552-3800	naante que no tien	e abogado, es):	
ENGSTROM, LIPSCOME	B & LACK	510 002 5000			
10100 SANTA MONICA	BL, 12th FL, L.A., CA 90067		•		
DATE: 08 200		Clerk, by	M. GARCIA		, Deputy
() editors :-	OHN A. CLARKE	(Secretario)	BAR GHACI	4	(Adjunto)
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(NOTICE TO THE PERSON SER		00 0.0,,.		
SEAL LOS A. M	1, as an individual defenda				
	2. as the person sued und	er the fictitious name of (s	specify):		
	3. on behalf of (specify):				
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		ssociation or partnership)		90 (authorized p	•
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Page 1 of 1

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SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER:
ACOSTA CORTES, ET AL. v. DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC., ET AL.	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

- → This form may be used as an attachment to any summons if space does not permit the listing of all parties on the summons.
- If this attachment is used, insert the following statement in the plaintiff or defendant box on the summons: "Additional Parties Attachment form is attached."

List additional parties (Check only one box. Use a separate page for each type of party.):

Plaintiff X Defendant Cross-Complainant Cross-Defendant

CHIQUITA BRANDS INTERNATIONAL, INC.;

DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE N.A., INC.;

DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE, INC.;

DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE (WEST COAST), INC.;

SHELL CHEMICAL COMPANY; SHELL OIL COMPANY; THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY; OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION; OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL COMPANY;

OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION; and DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive.

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Page __1__ of __4__

Page 1 of 1

ACOSTA CORTES, ET AL. V. DOLE FOOD CO., INC., ET AL. ADDITIONAL PARTIES ATTACHMENT Attachment to Summons

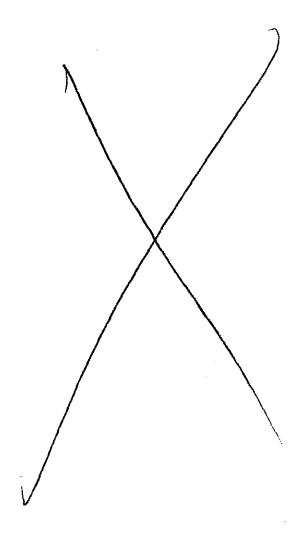
List of Additional Plaintiffs:

TEODORO AGUERO MORA; VICTOR HUGO AGUILAR CESPEDES; JOSE JOAQUIN AGUILAR MONTERO; OSCAR AGUILAR MORA; ALBINO AGUILAR SOLANO: JOSE SIMON AGUIRRE AGUIRRE; JOSE FRANCISCO AGUIRRE AGUIRRE; ALFONSO AGUIRRE VILLAGRA; SANTOS VIANNEY AGUIRRE ZUNIGA; CLEMENTE ALVARADO RIOS; ALCIDES ALVARADO ZAMORA; ANGEL JULIAN ALVAREZ AGUIRRE; ANTONIO ALVAREZ ALVAREZ; LUIS ANTONIO ALVAREZ ALVAREZ; JESUS ALVAREZ BUSTOS; SIGIFREDO ALVAREZ DIAZ; ROOUE ALVAREZ MORALES: HERNAN ALVAREZ ROSALES; GIOVANNI ALVAREZ RUIZ; VICTOR MANUEL ALVAREZ VILLATORO; JOSE ELVIS ANGULO ANGULO; FERNANDO ARAGON MIRANDA; SERGIO ARAGON MIRANDA; CRISTOBAL ALBERTO ARAGON RUGAMA; MARVIN ARAYA ALVAREZ; JOSE ANGEL ARAYA BOLANOS; CLAUDIO ARAYA HERNANDEZ: JUAN ARAYA ORTEGA; BENEDICTO ARAYA ROJAS: JOSE DONALDO ARCE BEJARANO; VICTOR JULIO ARCE QUESADA; ELIECER ARCE RETANA; VICTOR ARGUEDAS MUNOZ: VIDAL ARIAS AVILA; GILBERTO ARIAS MEZA; HERMINIO ARIAS PANIAGUA:

BIENVENIDO ARIAS SOLANO; EDUARDO ARIAS VILLALOBOS; RAFAEL ANTONIO AVILA CAMBRONERO; **HUGO AVILES JUAREZ:** RICARDO ALBERTO BALDELOMAR BALDELOMAR: EDUARDO FAUSTO BALTODANO BALTODANO: VIRGILIO BALTODANO DIAZ; MERIDO BALTODANO DIAZ; JOSE MARVIN BALTODANO ZUNIGA; ALFONSO BARAHONA FONSECA; OLIVER GERARDO BARAHONA FONSECA; HUGO BARBOZA FERNANDEZ; AMALIO BARBOZA MENDOZA; JOSE FRANCISCO BARQUERO BARQUERO; JESUS MARIA BARQUERO CAMPOS; CARLOS LUIS BARQUERO PICADO; CARLOS LUIS BARRIOS BARRIOS; LUIS ALVARO BENAVIDES ESQUIVEL; JOVEL BERROCAL CHINCHILLA: GABRIEL BERROCAL JIMENEZ; FRANCISCO BOJORGE APU; AGUSTIN BOLANOS MONTOYA; GERVASIO BOLANOS MONTOYA; RIGOBERTO BOLIVAR SILES; RAFAEL BONILLA MADRIGAL; SILVERIO BONILLA ZUNIGA; HERIBERTO BRAVO HERNANDEZ; JOSE BRENES CISNEROS; JESUS FRANCISO BRENES CRUZ; ALEJANDRO BRENES GUEVARA; EDWIN BRENES LEON; CESAR AURELIO BRENES MARTINEZ; EDGAR BRENES MORA; REMBERTO BRICENO MACOTELO; BENEDICTO BRIONES GARCIA; JOSE LEON BRIONES RANGEL: JOSE GREGORIO BUZANO VEGA; JOSE LUIS CALDERON BARBOZA; OLDEMAR CALDERON SOLANO; MELVIN CALVO VARGAS: RAFAEL ANGEL CAMBRONERO GUERRERO; JOSE ALBERTO CAMPOS CAMPOS; FRANCISCO CAMPOS ZUMBADO;

RODOLFO CARBALLO BARRIENTOS; MARIANO CARBALLO VARGAS; JOSE LIDIER CARDENAS GARCIA; JUAN PABLO CARRILLO CARRILLO; FELIX CARRILLO MATARRITA; CAMILO CARRILLO MATARRITA; FRANCISCO CARRILLO OBREGON.

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FILED LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COUR

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By Mary Carcia, Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

JORGE ACOSTA CORTES; ANTONIO ACUNA AGUERO; GERARDO ACUNA MURILLO; JAVIER RAMON AGUERO ARTAVIA; TEODORO AGUERO MORA; VICTOR HUGO AGUILAR CESPEDES; JOSE JOAQUIN AGUILAR MONTERO; 16 OSCAR AGUILAR MORA; ALBINO AGUILAR SOLANO; JOSE SIMON AGUIRRE AGUIRRE; JOSE FRANCISCO AGUIRRE AGUIRRE; ALFONSO AGUIRRE VILLAGRA; SANTOS VIANNEY AGUIRRE ZUNIGA; CLEMENTE ALVARADO RIOS; ALCIDES ALVARADO ZAMORA; ANGEL JULIAN ALVAREZ AGUIRRE; ANTONIO ALVAREZ ALVAREZ; LUIS ANTONIO ALVAREZ ALVAREZ; JESUS ALVAREZ BUSTOS; SIGIFREDO ALVAREZ DIAZ; ROQUE ALVAREZ MORALES; HERNAN ALVAREZ ROSALES; GIOVANNI ALVAREZ RUIZ; VICTOR MANUEL ALVAREZ VILLATORO; JOSE ELVIS ANGULO ANGULO; FERNANDO ARAGON MIRANDA; SERGIO ARAGON MIRANDA; CRISTOBAL ALBERTO ARAGON RUGAMA; MARVIN ARAYA ALVAREZ; JOSE ANGEL ARAYA **BOLANOS**; CLAUDIO ARAYA HERNANDEZ; JUAN ARAYA ORTEGA;

BENEDICTO ARAYA ROJAS; JOSE DONALDO ARCE BEJARANO; VICTOR JULIO ARCE OUESADA; ELIECER ARCE CASE NO.:

BC403364

COMPLAINT FOR:

- 1) PRODUCTS LIABILITY-**NEGLIGENCE**;
- 2) STRICT PRODUCTS LIABILITY;
- 3) PRODUCTS LIABILITY DEFECT IN DESIGN, MANUFACTURE, AND CHEMICAL COMPOSITION;
- 4) PRODUCTS LIABILITY BREACH OF WARRANTY;
- 5) FRAUDULENT MANAGEMENT;
- 6) INTENTIONAL
 - MISREPRESENTATION;
- FRAUD BY CONCEALMENT;
- 8) GENERAL NEGLIGENCE; AND
- 9) CONSPIRACY

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1	RETANA; VICTOR ARGUEDAS MUNOZ;
	VIDAL ARIAS AVILA; GILBERTO ARIAS
2	MEZA; HERMINIO ARIAS PANIAGUA;
3	BIENVENIDO ARIAS SOLANO;
ال	EDUARDO ARIAS VILLALOBÓS; RAFAEL ANTONIO AVILA
4	CAMBRONERO; HUGO AVILES JUAREZ;
ļ	RICARDO ALBERTO BALDELOMAR
5	BALDELOMAR; EDUARDO FAUSTO
	BALTODANO BALTODANO; VIRGILIO
6	BALTODANO DIAZ, MERIDO
7	BALTODANO DIAZ; JOSE MARVIN
	BALTODANO ZUNIGA; ALFONSO
8	BARAHONA FONSECA; OLIVER
- 1	GERARDO BARAHONÁ FONSECA; HUGO
9	BARBOZA FERNANDEZ; AMALIO BARBOZA MENDOZA; JOSE FRANCISCO
	BARQUERO BARQUERO; JESUS MARIA
10	BARQUERO CAMPOS; CARLOS LUIS
11	BARQUERO PICADO; CARLOS LUIS
11	BARRIOS BARRIOS; LUIS ALVARO
12	BENAVIDES ESQUIVEL; JOVEL
ا	BERROCAL CHINCHILLA; GABRIEL
13	BERROCAL JIMENEZ; FRANCISCO
!	BOJORGE APU; AGUSTIN BOLANOS
14	MONTOYA; GÉRVASIO BOLANOS MONTOYA; RIGOBERTO BOLIVAR
15	SILES; RAFAEL BONILLA MADRIGAL;
13	SILVERIO BONILLA ZUNIGA:
16	HERIBERTO BRAVO HERNANDEZ; JOSE BRENES CISNEROS; JESUS FRANCISO
ł	BRENES CISNEROS; JESUS FRANCISO
17	BRENES CRUZ; ALEJANDRO BRENES
10	GUEVARA; EDWIN BRENES LEON;
18	CESAR AURELIO BRENES MARTINEZ;
19	EDGAR BRENES MORA; REMBERTO BRICENO MACOTELO; BENEDICTO
	BRIONES GARCIA; JOSE LEON BRIONES
20	RANGEL; JOSE GREGORIO BUZANO
1	VEGA: JOSE LUIS CALDERON
21	BARBOZA; OLDEMAR CALDERON
l	I SOLANO: MELVIN CALVO VARGAS:
24	RAFAEL ANGEL CAMBRONERO
23	GUERRERO; JOSE ALBERTO CAMPOS
ĺ	CAMPOS; FRANCISCO CAMPOS ZUMBADO; RODOLFO CARBALLO
24	BARRIENTOS; MARIANO CARBALLO
~ =	VARGAS; JOSE LIDIER CARDENAS
25	GARCIA; JUAN PABLO CARRILLO
26	CARRILLO; FELIX CARRILLO
20	IMATARRITA; CAMILO CARRILLO
27	MATARRITA; FRANCISCO CARRILLO
l	OBREGON,
28	Plaintiffs,
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Plaintiffs,

COMPLAINT

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CHEMICAL COMPANY, THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY, OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION, OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL COMPANY and OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION, (collectively, "CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS"). CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS are some of the nation's largest chemical manufacturers. producing within the borders of the United States, in excess of 80% of all chemicals used in the United States and abroad. This lawsuit is brought by Plaintiffs who were injured by the release of DBCP into the environment as a result of the operation of banana plantation farms in Central America by DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC., DOLE FRESH FRUIT COMPANY, CHIQUITA BRANDS COMPANY, NORTH AMERICA; CHIQUITA BRANDS, INC., CHIQUITA BRANDS INTERNATIONAL, INC.; DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE (WEST COAST) INC.; DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE, INC. and DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE N.A., INC.; (collectively, "BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS").

- 2. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs were workers on banana plantation farms owned, managed, administered, or controlled by BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS, located in and around Costa Rica.
- 3. During those years, the above-mentioned plantation farms were owned, managed, administered, controlled or managed by BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS, with the administration realized by their officials and administrators from the United States under agreements executed with the landlords of those above-mentioned plantation farms. The managers presided over the work of the Plaintiffs, who handled the harvesting and cropping of the banana production, a comprehensive process that included planting banana trees; work and labor activities for the application of fertilizers and pesticides; and the fumigation, harvesting,

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foreign countries. 4. Plaintiffs, as daily workers on the banana plantation farms, were exposed to

and packaging of the final banana product in boxes and bags for exportation to, and sale in,

DBCP, designed, manufactured, marketed, distributed, and sold in and from the United States by CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS. DBCP is a highly toxic and poisonous pesticide which has been alleged to cause sterility, testicular atrophy, miscarriages, congenital reproductive outcomes. liver damage and various forms of cancer in humans when absorbed by the skin or inhaled. The pesticide was sold under its generic name, DBCP, and the brand names Nemagon - designed, manufactured, marketed, distributed and sold by SHELL OIL COMPANY, SHELL CHEMICAL COMPANY, OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION, OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL COMPANY and OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION - and Fumazone - designed, manufactured, marketed, distributed, and sold by THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY, OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION, OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL COMPANY and OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION. The pesticide was banned from general use in the United States by the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") in 1979, but CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS continued to distribute DBCP to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS for use on banana plantation farms in Central America, including those specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica.

Plaintiffs are informed and believe and, on that basis, herein alleged that 5. CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS did not utilize due care when continuing to distribute DBCP from the United States to banana plantation farms in Costa Rica. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and, on that basis, herein allege that CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS knowingly and willfully distributed DBCP after receiving notice of its ban in the United States by the EPA and its highly toxic effects, particularly its causing sterility. In addition, Plaintiffs are informed and believe and, on that basis, herein alleged that BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS knowingly and willfully exposed Plaintiffs to DBCP and its highly toxic effects after receiving notice of its ban in the United States by the EPA. CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS eventually ceased distribution of DBCP to plantation farms, and BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS eventually ceased application of DBCP at such plantation farms. After such distribution and application ceased, however, the Plaintiffs suffered physical and mental injuries as a result of their exposure to DBCP.

6. Plaintiffs were exposed to DBCP designed, manufactured, marketed, distributed, sold, or purchased by DEFENDANTS for application on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including those specifically mentioned herein and others in and around Costa Rica. As a result of this exposure to DBCP, Plaintiffs suffered serious injuries.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter based on the fact that Defendant, DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC., at all times relevant hereto, had its principal places of business in Los Angeles County, California, in which the decision makers for said BANANA FARM DEFENDANT conduct and oversee its daily affairs.
- Remaining DEENDANTS are properly joined in this action under the California 8. Rules of Civil Procedure. The claims against DOLE FRESH FRUIT COMPANY, CHIQUITA BRANDS COMPANY, NORTH AMERICA; CHIQUITA BRANDS, INC; CHIQUITA BRANDS INTERNATIONAL, INC.; DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE, INC., DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE N.A., INC., DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE (WEST COAST), INC.; SHELL OIL COMPANY (AND SHELL OIL USA), SHELL CHEMICAL COMPANY; THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY, OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM COMPANY, OCCIDENTAL

CHEMICAL COMPANY and OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION arise out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences as the claims against DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC., and, all of which conduct business within this State and County.

- 9. Without reference to punitive damages, the amount in controversy in compensatory damages for each Plaintiff exceeds the minimum jurisdictional limits of this Court, exclusive of interest and costs.
- 10. Pursuant to California Civil Procedure Code, Section 395.5, venue in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County is proper. The principal place of business of DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC., at all times relevant hereto, was situated in Los Angeles County. Specifically, DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC. caused tortuous injury by acts or omissions associated with the design, manufacture, marketing, distribution, or sale of DBCP from its principal places of business in this County, as well as its decision from this County directing the control of banana plantation farms in and around Costa Rica affecting the Plaintiffs and their exposure to the harmful pesticides.

PARTIES

11. Individual Plaintiffs, are, and were at all times relevant hereto, residents of COSTA RICA. For the convenience of the Court and parties, the Plaintiffs are listed in alphabetical order in the Appendix hereto, which is incorporated into this petition as if set forth fully herein. Plaintiffs were banana workers on the BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS' plantation farms. During the course of Plaintiffs' work, Plaintiffs applied DBCP designed, manufactured, marketed, distributed, sold, or purchased by DEFENDANTS on the BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS' plantations in order to aid and stimulate banana production. The DBCP applied by Plaintiffs was toxic, therefore causing Plaintiffs to suffer sterility and other serious injuries.

- 12. **DEFENDANT, DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC., is, and was at all times** relevant hereto, a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Los Angeles County, California. At all times relevant herein, DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC., or its agents, purchased DBCP from CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS for application on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, after it had been banned from general use in the United States by the EPA.
- 13. DEFENDANT, DOLE FRESH FRUIT COMPANY, is, and was at all times relevant hereto, a Nevada corporation with its principal place of business in Los Angeles County, California. At all times relevant herein, DOLE FRESH FRUIT COMPANY, or its agents, purchased DBCP from CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS for application on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, after it had been banned from general use in the United States by the EPA.
- 14. DEFENDANT, CHIQUITA BRANDS COMPANY, NORTH AMERICA, is and was at all times relevant hereto, a Delaware corporation, with its principal place of business in Hamilton County, Ohio. CHIQUITA BRANDS COMPANY, NORTH AMERICA is a multinational corporation that conducts its business throughout the world, including California and Costa Rica. At all relevant times herein, CHIQUITA BRANDS COMPANY, NORTH AMERICA or its agents, purchased DBCP from CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS for application on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, after it had been banned from general use in the United States by the EPA.
 - 15. DEFENDANT, CHIQUITA BRANDS, INC. is and was at all times relevant

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hereto, a Delaware corporation, with its principal place of business in Hamilton County, Ohio. CHIQUITA BRANDS, INC. is a multi-national corporation that conducts its business throughout the world, including California and Costa Rica. At all relevant times herein, CHIQUITA BRANDS, INC. or its agents, purchased DBCP from CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS for application on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, after it had been banned from general use in the United States by the EPA.

- 16. DEFENDANT, CHIQUITA BRANDS INTERNATIONAL, INC. is and was at all times relevant hereto, a Delaware corporation, with its principal place of business in Hamilton County, Ohio. CHIQUITA BRANDS INTERNATIONAL, INC. is a multi-national corporation that conducts its business throughout the world, including California and Costa Rica. At all relevant times herein, CHIQUITA BRANDS INTERNATIONAL, INC. or its agents, purchased DBCP from CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS for application on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, after it had been banned from general use in the United States by the EPA.
- 17. DEFENDANT, DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE N.A., INC., is, and was at all times relevant hereto, a Florida corporation with its principal place of business in Coral Gables, Florida. At all times relevant herein, DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE N.A., INC., or its agents, purchased DBCP from CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS for application on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, after it had been banned from general use in the United States by the EPA.
- 18. DEFENDANT, DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE, INC. is, and was at all times relevant hereto, a California corporation with its principal place of business in the County of San Francisco, California. At all times relevant herein, DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE,

INC., or its agents, purchased DBCP from CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS for application on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, after it had been banned from general use in the United States by the EPA.

- 19. DEFENDANT, DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE (WEST COAST), INC., is, and was at all times relevant hereto, a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in the County of San Francisco, California. At all times relevant herein, DEL MONTE FRESH PRODUCE (WEST COAST), INC., or its agents, purchased DBCP from CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS for application on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, after it had been banned from general use in the United States by the EPA.
- 20. **DEFENDANT, SHELL CHEMICAL COMPANY** is, and was at all times relevant hereto, a Delaware corporation, with its principal place of business in Harris County, Texas. SHELL CHEMICAL COMPANY is a multi-national corporation that conducts its business throughout the world, including California and Costa Rica. At all times relevant herein, SHELL CHEMICAL COMPANY or its agents, manufactured, distributed, marketed and sold DBCP for use on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS after it had been banned in the United States by the EPA.
- 21. **DEFENDANT, SHELL OIL COMPANY** is, and was at all times relevant hereto, a Delaware corporation, with its principal place of business in Harris County, Texas. SHELL OIL COMPANY is a multi-national corporation that conducts its business throughout the world, including California and Costa Rica. At all times relevant herein, SHELL OIL COMPANY or its agents, manufactured, distributed, marketed and sold DBCP for use on

banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS after it had been banned in the United States by the EPA.

- 22. DEFENDANT, OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION ("Occidental Petroleum"), individually and doing business as Occidental Chemical Company, is a California corporation, with its principal place of business in Los Angeles.
- 23. **DEFENDANT, OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL COMPANY**, was at one time an operating division of Occidental Petroleum Corporation. Thereafter Occidental Chemical Company was a California corporation, with its principal place of business located in Lathrop, California. This corporation's name was changed to Occidental Chemical Agricultural Products, Inc. and then merged into Occidental Chemical Corporation.
- 24. **DEFENDANT, OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION, was at all** times relevant herein a New York corporation, with its principal place of business located in Dallas, Texas.
- 25. **DEFENDANT, THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY** is, and was at all times relevant hereto, a Delaware corporation, with its principal place of business in Midland, Michigan. THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY is a multi-national corporation that conducts its business throughout the world, including California and Costa Rica. At all times relevant herein, THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY or its agents, manufactured, distributed, marketed and sold DBCP for use on banana plantation farms throughout Central America, including farms in Costa Rica, to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS after it had been banned in the United States by the EPA.
- Except as described herein, Plaintiffs are ignorant of the true names of 26. DEFENDANTS sued as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and the nature of their wrongful

conduct, and therefore sue these DOE DEFENDANTS by such fictitious names. Such DOE DEFENDANTS knowingly aided and participated in DEFENDANTS wrongful conduct complained of herein. Plaintiffs will seek leave of the Court to amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 27. CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS are the primary manufacturers and distributors of chemical products in the United States. CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS designed and manufactured all of the DBCP sold to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS at the respective chemical plants in the United States. CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS were aware that the EPA banned DBCP from general use in the United States in 1979. Regardless of such adverse facts, CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS continued to distribute and sell DBCP to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS for application on banana plantation farms specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica after the ban had been instituted.
- 28. In 1957 or earlier, CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS had reason to question the operational integrity of the DBCP design and distribution system. At or about the same time, CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS found evidence that exposure to DBCP caused testicular atrophy in laboratory animals. Regardless of such findings, DBCP continued to be manufactured and distributed throughout the Unites States and abroad. CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS were not able to correct the above-mentioned problem and continued testing began to show testicular problems in humans as well; including all human workers at the CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS' facilities. After the EPA banned DBCP from general use in the United States in 1979, DEFENDANTS continued designing, marketing, manufacturing, distributing, selling or purchasing DBCP for

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application on plantation farms throughout Costa Rica despite the serious dangers it posed to humans.

- 29. On or about July, 1961, the Pesticide Regulations Branch of the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA") advised CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS, SHELL OIL COMPANY and SHELL CHEMICAL COMPANY to place extensive precautionary warning labels on its Nemagon barrels. The USDA also requested health records of those plant workers who had been employed for an extended period in the manufacture or formulation of products containing DBCP. CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS, SHELL OIL COMPANY and SHELL CHEMICAL COMPANY dismissed such advice, calling the USDA's measures overly cautious and stating that the proposed precautionary statements could have an adverse effect on the future sales of Nemagon.
- 30. At this time CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS decided not to recall, and BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS decided not to stop applying, any of the DBCP. CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS continued to distribute DBCP despite the toxicity of the soil furnigant. DEFENDANTS continued to sell, distribute, purchase, or apply toxic DBCP in conscious disregard for the health and safety of Plaintiffs who were routinely exposed to the pesticide.
- 31. On or about August 12, 1977, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration issued a warning letter to CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS, calling their attention to the hazard of worker exposure to DBCP. On or about August 19, 1977, the Director of NIOSH wrote to CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS requesting information to fully evaluate the extent of the hazards posed by exposure to DBCP. Although CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS suspended production of DBCP in the late 1970's, they nevertheless continued to allow the marketing, distribution, and sale of the DBCP in question to Costa Rica, and did so in conscious disregard of the health and

safety of Plaintiffs there. In addition, BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS continued to oversee the application of the DBCP in question on banana farms, including those specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica.

- 32. By the time that CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS had suspended production of DBCP, however, millions of gallons had been exported to Central America and, in turn, Plaintiffs had already been exposed to it. In addition, millions of gallons of DBCP manufactured and sold to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS under the brand names of Nemagon and Furnazione by the same defective process were also toxic. Plaintiffs have suffered serious injuries as a result of their exposure to DBCP.
- Prior to the general ban in the United States in 1979, CHEMICAL 33. DEFENDANTS knew that DBCP was toxic and could cause sperm loss and other injuries to Plaintiffs; and that DBCP could not be safely applied in any amount or fashion. Despite this knowledge, CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS continued to distribute millions of gallons of DBCP to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS for application on plantation farms across Costa Rica.
- 34. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and on that basis, herein allege that CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS did not act with due care when responding to the general ban on DBCP by the EPA. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and on the basis, herein allege that CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS failed to expeditiously remove the toxic DBCP distributed abroad from the stream of commerce, failed to expeditiously recall barrels containing toxic DBCP, and continued to distribute the toxic DBCP after receiving notice of the general ban. At all relevant times, CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS had actual or constructive knowledge of the foregoing general ban and the toxicity of DBCP and, therefore are directly liable for injuries to Plaintiffs based upon the following: (a) CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS financially supported the continued

distribution of DBCP throughout Central America, including those specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica; (b) CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS had direct involvement with the testing of laboratory rats and mice that developed testicular atrophy as a result of their exposure to DBCP; (c) CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS had some of its key employee personnel serve as members of these testing and research groups; (d) CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS created the overall policy regarding the steps and procedures to be followed to validate continued distribution of DBCP despite such adverse findings; (e) CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS' personnel were involved in the fact-finding investigations into the problems stemming from workers with abnormally low sperm counts and their exposure to DBCP stemming from manufacture and formulation of the pesticide; (f) CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS implemented policies and procedures whereby they developed an indemnity plan with BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS in case of lawsuits connected with exposure to DBCP; (g) CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS planned to continue distributing DBCP after the general ban in the United States if profits exceeded potential lawsuit costs; and (h) CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS planned to sell millions of pounds of DBCP per year after the general ban in the United States for application on banana farms throughout Central America, including those specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica.

35. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and on the basis, herein allege that BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS did not act with due care when responding to the general ban on DBCP by the EPA. At all relevant times, BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS had actual or constructive knowledge of the foregoing general ban and the toxicity of DBCP and, therefore, are directly liable for the injures to Plaintiffs based upon the following: (a) BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS financially supported the continued distribution of DBCP to banana farms

throughout Central America, including those specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica; (b) BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS were directly involved in the application process of DBCP on banana farms throughout Central America, including those specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica; (c) BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS continued to purchase DBCP from CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS after the general ban was instituted by the EPA. despite knowledge of the adverse health effects that exposure could have on humans; (d) BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS agreed to indemnify CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS in the event of lawsuits connected with exposure of DBCP; and (e) BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS had knowledge that exposure to DBCP could cause testicular atrophy and other serious health problems in humans as a result of earlier tests conducted by CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS.

THE DISCOVERY RULE

- 36. Plaintiffs allege they had no knowledge of the cause of their injuries. Plaintiffs did not suspect, nor did they have reason to suspect, that their injuries were caused by DEFENDANTS' wrongdoing. Specifically, Plaintiffs did not have a suspicion of wrong doing until diagnosed by doctors in 2003.
- 37. DEFENDANTS did not disclose that DBCP was unreasonably dangerous. Plaintiffs were not provided with any information about the discovery that DBCP could cause sterility. Plaintiffs were not provided any information regarding the EPA's ban of DBCP in the United States because it was an unreasonably dangerous product. Without this information, which DEFENDANTS had access to at all times herein, Plaintiffs did not have notice or information of circumstances which would put a reasonable person on inquiry.
- 38. Plaintiffs are Costa Rican citizens and speak only their native language, Spanish. Even if the literature concerning the harmful qualities of DBCP made its way to the remote

banana farms of Costa Rica, it would have been of no use. The individual Plaintiffs speak only Spanish and many lack fundamental reading skills. Any information provided to them, in a language other than Spanish, would not have put them on inquiry. Furthermore, the only information contained on the barrels of DBCP were the words "Dow," the names of the CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS, or the chemical names, either Nemagon or Fumazone. This information does not provide notice or information of circumstances which would put a reasonable person on inquiry.

- 39. Given the location of the Plaintiffs and their living conditions and access to information, it was impossible for the Plaintiffs to have any suspicion of wrongdoing, Plaintiffs worked long days in a remote part of the world, away from mass media. They had no access to the information revealing the hazards of DBCP. As such Plaintiffs did not have notice or information of circumstances which would put a reasonable person on inquiry.
- 40. Furthermore, sterility is an injury that is not easily discovered. There are no symptoms that would prompt a reasonable prudent person to suspect wrongdoing. There was no way for Plaintiffs to know of any injury until properly diagnosed by a doctor, which occurred in 2003. Until that time, Plaintiffs could not have had notice or information of circumstances that would put a reasonable person on inquiry.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

PRODUCTS LIABILITY - NEGLIGENCE (As to All Defendants)

- 41. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 40 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 42. DEFENDANTS in manufacturing, distributing, or applying DBCP had a duty to Plaintiffs to do so in a reasonable manner and to ensure that the product was without defect.

- 43. DEFENDANTS breached this duty when they placed the defective product into the stream of commerce either with knowledge or negligently unaware of its defective and toxic
- 44. As a direct and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' negligence, the toxically defective DBCP applied on banana farms specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica, caused harm and injury to Plaintiffs.
 - 45. Wherefore, Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.

nature and propensity to cause harm to individuals such as Plaintiffs.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

STRICT PRODUCTS LIABILITY (As to All Defendants)

- 46. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 45 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 47. DEFENDANTS, at all times relevant to this action, engaged in the business of designing, manufacturing, marketing, distributing, selling, or purchasing DBCP for application on banana plantation farms specifically mentioned herein, and others in Costa Rica.
- DEFENDANTS knew and intended that the DBCP designed, manufactured, 48. marketed, distributed, sold, or purchased by DEFENDANTS would be used by Plaintiffs without inspection for defects in the product. In response to the EPA's ban on general use in the United States in 1979, DEFENDANTS continued to expressly distribute and purchase DBCP for use on banana farm plantations throughout Central America.
- 49. The DBCP in question was, at the time of purchase, defective and unsafe for its intended purpose in that it was not safe but was instead toxic with various chemicals harmful to the human body that resulted in the potential for sterility and other serious injuries.

- 50. Millions of pounds of DBCP were applied on banana plantation farms throughout Costa Rica by Plaintiffs, who were not aware of the hazards of the pesticide. Plaintiffs suffered severe mental and physical injuries as a result of exposure to DBCP. The DBCP was the actual and proximate cause of the mental and physical injuries suffered by Plaintiffs.
 - 51. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon, allege that DEFENDANTS:
 - knew or should have known that the DBCP designed, manufactured, a. marketed, distributed, sold, or purchased by DEFENDANTS for subsequent use on banana farms throughout Costa Rica was toxically defective and unreasonably dangerous in the manner alleged above;
 - b. knew or should have known that because of the toxic defect, the exported DBCP could not safely be used for the purposes for which it was intended;
 - knew or should have known that the exported DBCP was defective and C. dangerous, and in conscious disregard of the safety of the Plaintiffs, placed it in the stream of commerce within Central American markets;
 - d. knew or should have knows that when the exported DBCP was placed in the stream of commerce, it would be sold to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS and used by the Plaintiffs for application.
 - e. represented that the exported DBCP was safe when in fact it was toxic and was reported to have substantial adverse health effects in humans.
- 52. DEFENDANTS, in designing, manufacturing, marketing, distributing, selling, or purchasing DBCP, had a duty to Plaintiffs to do so in a reasonable manner and to ensure that the product was without defect. DEFENDANTS breached these duties by placing a defective

- 53. By placing toxic DBCP in the stream of commerce, CHEMICALDEFENDANTS impliedly represented that they were safe for the purpose for which they were intended. As a direct and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' conduct in the designing, manufacturing, marketing, distributing, selling, or purchasing the toxically defective and dangerous pesticide known as DBCP for use on those banana plantation farms specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica, Plaintiffs have been injured.
 - 54. Wherefore, named Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

PRODUCTS LIABILITY-DEFECT IN DESIGN, MANUFACTURE, AND CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (As to Chemical Defendants)

- 55. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 54 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 56. The millions of pounds of exported DBCP that are the subject of the instant action were not reasonably fit, suitable, or safe for their intended use by reason of a toxic defect in their design, manufacture, or chemical composition, which caused them to be unreasonably dangerous to humans.
- 57. The defect in design, manufacture, or chemical composition existed at the time CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS placed the DBCP into the stream of commerce.
- 58. The DBCP was used in its intended and reasonably foreseeable way when it caused injury to Plaintiffs.

- 59. As a direct and proximate result thereof, Plaintiffs have been injured and damaged.
 - 60. Wherefore, named Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

PRODUCTS LIABILITY-BREACK OF WARRANTY (As to All Defendants)

- 61. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 60 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 62. CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS as the designer, manufacturer, marketer, distributor, or seller expressly warranted that the DBCP was fit for its intended purpose in that said product would conform to the specifications thereof.
- 63. DEFENDANTS also breached the warranty implied in the contract for the sale and subsequent use of goods in that the goods could not pass without objection in the trade under the contract description, the goods were not of fair average quality within the description, and the goods were unfit for their intended and ordinary purpose in that they were highly toxic and unsafe and therefore unreasonably dangerous. As a result, Plaintiffs did not receive the goods as impliedly warranted by DEFENDANTS to be merchantable.
- DEFENDANTS impliedly warranted that the DBCP was fit for the purpose for 64. which it was designed in that it was safe, and a suitable instrumentality for use on banana plantation farms specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica. In reliance upon DEFENDANTS' skill and judgment and the implied warranties of fitness for the purpose, Plaintiffs applied DBCP on those banana plantation farms specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica.

- 65. The DBCP was sold to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS with the knowledge and intent that the DBCP be used for the benefit of banana production on plantation farms throughout Costa Rica. Plaintiffs' employers, BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS, utilized the toxic DBCP by ordering Plaintiffs to apply it around banana trees and compensating Plaintiffs at an unreasonably low rate of pay.
- 66. The DBCP was not altered by Plaintiffs, or other third parties. The DBCP was defective when it left the exclusive control of CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS, and BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS knew the DBCP would be used without additional tests for toxicity. The DBCP was contaminated and unfit for its intended purpose and Plaintiffs did not receive the goods as warranted.
- 67. As a direct and proximate cause of DEFENDANTS' breach of express warranty, Plaintiffs have been injured and damaged.
 - 68. Wherefore, named Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

FRAUDULENT MANAGEMENT (As to Banana Farm Defendants)

- 69. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 68 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 70. As described above, DEFENDANTS designed, manufactured, marketed, distributed, sold, or purchased containers of toxic DBCP for application on those plantation farms specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica. Once BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS learned that the DBCP was toxic, they had a duty to Plaintiffs to discontinue use of the product, as it was unreasonable dangerous. BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS breached

this duty when they failed to institute any product recall upon learning that the exported DBCP was toxic.

- 71. As a direct and proximate result of BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS' fraudulent management regarding the application of DBCP, Plaintiffs have been injured.
 - 72. Wherefore, named Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

INTENTIONAL MISREPRESENTATION (As to All Defendants)

- 73. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 72 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 74. At all times herein referred to, CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS were engaged in the business of designing, manufacturing, marketing, distributing, or selling DBCP, which is the subject of the instant litigation, for use on banana plantation farms specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica.
- 75. CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS, acting through their officers, agents, servants, representatives, or employees, distributed the toxic DBCP to BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS and various other distribution channels.
- 76. BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS willfully, falsely, and knowingly misrepresented material facts relating to the character and quality of DBCP. These misrepresentations are contained in carious media advertising and documentation disseminated or caused to be disseminated by CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS, and such misrepresentations were reiterated and disseminated by officers, agents, representatives, servants, or employees of CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS, acting within the line and scope of their authority, so employed by CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS to merchandise and market the product. Specifically,

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DEFENDANTS knew that there were significant health risks associated with exposure to DBCP. yet CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS continued to distribute DBCP, and BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS continued to purchase DBCP, for application on banana plantation farms specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica.

- 77. All DEFENDANTS continue to intentionally violate Plaintiffs' rights by inducing them to sign fraudulent releases. Defendants have not been and are engaging in a campaign to purchase releases of Plaintiffs' DBCP claims under conditions in which the purported releasers are encouraged to act based on inaccurate information about their reproductive impairments and without the advise of counsel. DEFENDANTS have made material false misrepresentations to Plaintiffs, knowing that the misrepresentations were false or made recklessly without any knowledge and as a positive assertion.
- 78. Defendants' settlement campaign and false misrepresentations consists of some of the following acts outside the presence and without the knowledge of Plaintiffs' counsel: Defendant or their agents (1) seek out workers (Plaintiffs in this case) who were exposed to DBCP; (2) tell workers that their DBCP claims may be settled quickly but only if the claimants are not represented by counsel; (3) tell workers who are already represented that such representation is "not important" or "does not matter"; (4) provide workers with an "attorney" who received a percentage of the less than adequate recovery to ostensibly "assist" in the execution of the release; (5) instruct workers to go to a clinic for a semen test and give them money to cover associated food and travel expenses; (6) tell DBCP-affected workers that their claims are without merit but, nevertheless, may be settled quickly (as a form of "assistance") so long as plaintiffs' lawyers are not involved; and (7) eventually offer workers between 400,000 and 900,000 colones (approximately \$2,900 to \$6,500) to release all their related claims.

DEFENDANTS and their agents also tell workers that plaintiffs' lawyers will "charge [DBCP exposed workers 60 to 70 percent of the recoveries" while the defendants will "charge them nothing."

- 79. A significant number of Plaintiffs have relied to their detriment on and have been harmed by DEFENDANTS by signing releases. As a result of Defendants' fraudulent acts, the misinformed workers (Plaintiffs in this case), do not understand: (1) whom they are purportedly releasing; (2) whom they are potentially biding in their releases; and (3) that they are compromising their claims for amounts substantially less than that for which virtually identical claims in similar litigation have been settled. Plaintiffs have been further harmed by DEFENDANTS' fraudulent acts because even if the releases are thereafter invalidated as a result of being fraudulently and unfairly obtained, they will present a serious obstacle to a fair and expeditious resolution of Plaintiffs' DBCP claims by forcing Plaintiffs to expend court time and resourced to prove the fraudulent nature of such releases.
- 80. DEFENDANTS' representations were made with the intent that the general public, including Plaintiffs, rely upon them. DEFENDANTS' representations were made with knowledge of the falsity of such statements, or in reckless disregard of the truth thereof.
- 81. In actual and reasonable reliance upon DEFENDANTS' misrepresentations, Plaintiffs used the DBCP for their intended and reasonable foreseeable purposes: i.e., controlling plant plagues and prevention of diseases and insects associated with banana production. Plaintiffs were unaware of the existence of facts that DEFENDANTS suppressed and failed to disclose. If they had been aware of the suppressed facts, Plaintiffs would not have used DBCP.
- 82. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that DEFENDANTS misrepresented material facts with the intent to defraud Plaintiffs, Plaintiffs were unaware of the

intent of DEFENDANTS and relied upon the representations of DEFENDANTS in agreeing to apply the DBCP. Plaintiffs' reliance on the representations of DEFENDANTS was reasonable.

- 83. In actual and reasonable reliance upon MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS' misrepresentations, Plaintiffs applied the DBCP in the way in which it was intended, the direct and proximate result of which was injury and harm to the Plaintiffs.
 - 84. Wherefore, named Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

FRAUD BY CONCEALMENT (As to All Defendants)

- 85. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 84 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 86. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that DEFENDANTS knew that there was a high probability that DBCP manufactured from January 1, 1970 thereafter was not safe for application, but was in fact highly toxic, and concealed this fact.
- 87. DEFENDANTS had a duty to disclose this information to Plaintiffs. DEFENDANTS failed to timely disclose this information to Plaintiffs. Further, DEFENDANTS actively suppressed and concealed the fact that there was a high probability that DBCP manufactured from January 1, 1970 thereafter was not safe for application, but was in fact highly toxic.
- 88. DEFENDANTS concealed such information for the purpose of inducing the use of the DBCP designed, manufactured, distributed, and sold by CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS.
- 89. Plaintiffs were unaware of the existence of facts, which DEFENDANTS failed to disclose and actively suppressed and concealed. If they had been aware of the facts not disclosed by DEFENDANTS, they would not have agreed to the use of the toxic DBCP. Plaintiffs are

informed and believe and thereon allege that DEFENDANTS concealed such material facts with the intent to defraud Plaintiffs. Under the circumstances, especially since DEFENDANTS omitted and concealed material facts, Plaintiffs' reliance on the representations of DEFENDANTS was reasonable.

- 90. As a result of DEFENDANTS' material omissions, failure to disclose, and active concealment, Plaintiffs used BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS' toxic DBCP purchased from CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS, and used it in the way in which it was intended, the direct and proximate result of which was injury and harm to the Plaintiffs.
 - 91. Wherefore, named Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

GENERAL NEGLIGENCE (As to All Defendants)

Negligent Recall A.

- 92. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 91 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 93. As described above, DEFENDANTS designed, manufactured, marketed, distributed, or sold DBCP. Once DEFENDANTS learned that DBCP was toxic and unreasonable dangerous and defective, they had a duty to Plaintiffs to institute an effective product recall.
- 94. DEFENDANTS breached this duty not only when they failed to institute any product recall upon learning the DBCP was toxic and unreasonably dangerous and defective, but also when they failed to institute an effective product recall after receiving a letter from the Occupational Safety and Health Administration on August 12, 1972, calling their attention to the hazard of worker exposure to DBCP. As a direct and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' failure to effectively recall the DBCP, Plaintiffs have been injured.

- 95. Wherefore, Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.
- B. Negligent Misrepresentation
- 96. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 95 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 97. DEFENDANTS negligently and recklessly misrepresented various material facts regarding the quality and character of their product, under circumstances where DEFENDANTS either knew or, in the exercise of reasonable care, should have known that the representations were not true or were not known to be true. These misrepresentations were contained in carious packaging, labeling and correspondence from DEFENDANTS, and such misrepresentations were further reiterated and disseminated by the officers, agents, representatives, servants, or employees of DEFENDANTS acting within the scope of their authority.
- 98. In reliance upon these misrepresentations, Plaintiffs used DBCP distributed through BANANA FARM DEFENDANTS on plantation farms specifically mentioned herein and others in Costa Rica. Had Plaintiffs knows the true facts, including, but not limited to, the fact that the DBCP was toxic and therefore unsafe and unreasonably dangerous, they would not have used the DBCP designed, manufactured, marketed, distributed, and sold by CHEMICAL DEFENDANTS.
- 99. As a direct and proximate consequence of DEFENDANTS' negligent misrepresentations, Plaintiffs have been injured.
 - 100. Wherefore, named Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.
 - C. **Negligent Distribution**
- Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 101. through 100 above as if set forth herein.

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102.	DEFENDANTS negligently and recklessly distributed DBCP after DEFENDAN
knew or, in th	ne exercise of reasonable care, should have known that said product was
unreasonably	dangerous and would cause sterility. As described above, DEFENDANTS
designed, ma	nufactured, marketed, distributed, or sold DBCP. Once DEFENDANTS learned
that DBCP w	as toxic ad unreasonably dangerous and defective, they had a duty to Plaintiffs to
cease distribu	ution.

- 103. DEFENDANTS breached this duty when they continued distributing DBCP after learning from Occupational Safety and Health Administration on August 2, 1977 that DBCP was highly toxic and unreasonably dangerous.
- 104. As a direct and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' failure to cease distribution of the DBCP, Plaintiffs have been injured.
 - 105. Wherefore, Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

CONSPIRACY (As to all Defendants)

- 106. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 105 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 107. DEFENDANTS knowingly and willfully conspired and agreed among themselves, in various indemnity agreements, to commit the aforementioned tortuous acts. DEFENDANTS did the acts and things herein alleged pursuant to, and in furtherance of, the conspiracy and above-alleged indemnity agreements. DEFENDANTS furthered the conspiracy by cooperation with and encouragement to each other in that all DEFENDANTS contributed to the manufacturing, marketing, distribution, and application of DBCP after the DEFENDANTS

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knew or, in the exercise of reasonable care, should have known that DBCP was an unreasonably dangerous product or would cause sterility.

- 108. As a direct and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' conspiracy, Plaintiffs have been injured.
 - 109. Wherefore, Plaintiffs pray for damages as set forth below.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment against DEFENDANTS, as follows:

- 110. For special damages according to proof;
- 111. For general damages according to proof;
- 112. For punitive and exemplary damages in causes of action 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 9 the basis for which will be proven at trial. Said exemplary or punitive damages are due and awardable pursuant to the actions of Defendants described above, including fraud and deceit, wanton and reckless acts of commission and omission, and outrageous and malicious conduct, in an amount in favor of each Plaintiff, as a multiple of each Plaintiffs' compensatory damages, all totaled to an amount sufficient to punish said Defendants so as to deter it and others like it from similar wrongdoing;
 - 113. Prejudgment interest; and post judgment interest;
 - 114. For Plaintiffs' attorney fees and costs of suit incurred herein;

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115. Such further legal and equitable relief as this court may deem.

Respectfully Submitted,

DATED: December 8, 2008

ENGSTROM, LIPSCOMB & LACK PROVOST * UMPHREY LAW FIRM

By:

WALTER J. LACK ELIZABETH CROOKE ANN HOWITT

JOE J. FISHER II MARK SPARKS Attorneys for Plaintiffs

COMPLAINT

COSTA RICA APPENDIX B

NO.	Last Name	First Name	Cédula
1	ACOSTA CORTES	JORGE	51481174
2	ACUÑA AGÜERO	ANTONIO	1497014
3	ACUÑA MURILLO	GERARDO	1491893
4	AGÜERO ARTAVIA	JAVIER RAMÓN	5158894
5	AGÜERO MORA	TEODORO	6105507
6	AGUILAR CÉSPEDES	VÍCTOR HUGO	7085589
7	AGUILAR MONTERO	JOSÉ JOAQUÍN	6111793
8	AGUILAR MORA	OSCAR	31901299
9	AGUILAR SOLANO	ALBINO	3232263
10	AGUIRRE AGUIRRE	JOSÉ SIMÓN	6054010
11	AGUIRRE AGUIRRE	JOSÉ FRANCISCO	5144547
12	AGUIRRE VILLAGRA	ALFONSO	5090355
13	AGUIRRE ZUÑIGA	SANTOS VIANNEY	5175062
14	ALVARADO RÍOS	CLEMENTE	5085081
15	ALVARADO ZAMORA	ALCIDES	5129364
16	ALVAREZ AGUIRRE	ÁNGEL JULIÁN	7064453
17	ALVAREZ ALVAREZ	ANTONIO	7047271
18	ALVAREZ ALVAREZ	LUIS ANTONIO	5159419
19	ALVAREZ BUSTOS	JESÚS	5195826
20	ALVAREZ DÍAZ	SIGIFREDO	5118325
21	ALVAREZ MORALES	ROQUE	7037365
22	ALVAREZ ROSALES	HERNÁN	5118191
23	ALVAREZ RUIZ	GIOVANNI	6173690
24	ALVAREZ VILLATORO	VÍCTOR MANUEL	2201009183794

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25	ANGULO ANGULO	JOSÉ ELVIS	5189363	
26	ARAGON MIRANDA	FERNANDO	5081176	
27	ARAGÓN MIRANDA	SERGIO	5113231	
28	ARAGÓN RUGAMA	CRISTÓBAL ALBERTO	5073859	
29	ARAYA ALVAREZ	MARVIN	7060129	
30	ARAYA BOLAÑOS	JOSE ANGEL	9033674	
31	ARAYA HERNÁNDEZ	CLAUDIO	7033467	
32	ARAYA ORTEGA	JUAN	3211036	
33	ARAYA ROJAS	BENEDICTO	2228468	
34	ARCE BEJARANO	JOSÉ DONALDO	8064040	
35	ARCE QUESADA	VICTOR JULIO	51391334	
36	ARCE RETANA	ELIÉCER	5144332	
37	ARGUEDAS MUÑOZ	VICTOR	5086437	
38	ARIAS ÁVILA	VIDAL	5132684	
39	ARIAS MEZA	GILBERTO	7071306	
40	ARIAS PANIAGUA	HERMINIO	3123072	
41	ARIAS SOLANO	BIENVENIDO	3230128	
42	ARIAS VILLALOBOS	EDUARDO	7063959	
43	ÁVILA CAMBRONERO	RAFAEL ANTONIO	3140807	
44	AVILÉS JUAREZ	HUGO	5218394	
45	BALDELOMAR BALDELOMAR	RICARDO ALBERTO	2707684531730	
46	BALTODANO BALTODANO	EDUARDO FAUSTO	5115699	
47	BALTODANO DÍAZ	VIRGILIO	5136855	
48	BALTODANO DÍAZ	MÉRIDO	5112538	
49	BALTODANO ZÚÑIGA	JOSÉ MARVIN	5180987	
50	BARAHONA FONSECA	ALFONSO	7047566	

51	BARAHONA FONSECA	OLIVIER GERARDO	9049589
52	BARBOZA FERNÁNDEZ	HUGO	1301402
53	BARBOZA MENDOZA	AMALIO	7064696
54	BARQUERO BARQUERO	JOSÉ FRANCISCO	7042317
55	BARQUERO CAMPOS	JESUS MARIA	51391256
56	BARQUERO PICADO	CARLOS LUIS	7039234
57	BARRIOS BARRIOS	CARLOS LUIS	61051359
58	BENAVIDES ESQUIVEL	LUIS ÁLVARO	2266262
59	BERROCAL CHINCHILLA	JOVEL	6088814
60	BERROCAL JIMÉNEZ	GABRIEL	6074229
61	BOJORGE APU	FRANCISCO	6057480
62	BOLAÑOS MONTOYA	AGUSTÍN	7067211
63	BOLAÑOS MONTOYA	GERVASIO	7052707
64	BOLÍVAR SILES	RIGOBERTO	6132117
65	BONILLA MADRIGAL	RAFAEL	3124899
66	BONILLA ZÚÑIGA	SILVERIO	5158330
67	BRAVO HERNÁNDEZ	HERIBERTO	3206838
68	BRENES CISNEROS	JOSÉ	7058579
69	BRENES CRUZ	JESUS FRANCISCO	61051487
70	BRENES GUEVARA	ALEJANDRO	9033565
71	BRENES LEÓN	EDWIN RUBÉN	70481173
72	BRENES MARTÍNEZ	CÉSAR AURELIO	7037605
73	BRENES MORA	EDGAR	7055512
74	BRICEÑO MACOTELO	REMBERTO	5155831
75	BRIONES GARCÍA	BENEDICTO	51401290
76	BRIONES RANGEL	JOSÉ LEÓN	5135027

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	77	BUZANO VEGA	JOSÉ GREGORIO	51471461
	78	CALDERÓN BARBOZA	JOSÉ LUIS	3262328
	79	CALDERÓN SOLANO	OLDEMAR	7081614
	80	CALVO VARGAS	MELVIN	7046267
	81	CAMBRONERO GUERRERO	RAFAEL ÁNGEL	7044353
	82	CAMPOS CAMPOS	JOSÉ ALBERTO	9042496
	83	CAMPOS ZUMBADO	FRANCISCO	22781275
	84	CARBALLO BARRIENTOS	RODOLFO	6065606
	85	CARBALLO VARGAS	MARINO	6116774
	86	CÁRDENAS GARCÍA	JOSÉ LIDIER	5133803
	87	CARRILLO CARRILLO	JUAN PABLO	51451297
	88	CARRILLO MATARRITA	FÉLIX	5112087
	89	CARRILLO MATARRITA	CAMILO	5111438
	90	CARRILLO OBREGÓN	FRANCISCO	5140864

CM-015

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar r WALTER J. LACK, ESQ. (SBN 57550		FOR COURT USE ONLY
ENGSTROM, LIPSCOMB & LACK 10100 SANTA MONICA BL, 12th FL,	•	FILED
	•	LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT
TELEPHONE NO.: 310-552-3800 E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional):	FAX NO. (Optional): 310-552-9434	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Plaintiffs, ACOSTA	CORTES, et al.	DEC 8, 2008
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY		
STREET ADDRESS: SUPERIOR COURT MAILING ADDRESS: 111 NORTH HILL S		JOHNA CLARKE, CLERK
CITY AND ZIP CODE: LOS ANGELES, CA		BY MARY CARCIA, DEPUTY
BRANCH NAME: CENTRAL		
PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: ACOSTA COR'	TES, et al.	BC403364
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: DOLE FOOD C	O., INC., et al.	JUDICIAL OFFICER:
NOTICE OF RE	I ATED CASE	DEPT.:
NOTICE OF ICE		
Identify, in chronological order according to dat		
	, et al. v. DOLE FOOD CO., INC., et al	•
b. Case number: BC322412 (LEAD to c. Court: same as above	BC331044,43&40)	•
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d. Department:	rt (name and address): LASC-CENTRAI 600 S. Commonw	ealth Ave,L.A.,CA 90005
	limited civil probate family la	•
f. Filing date: 10/01/04		
g. Has this case been designated or deter	mined as "complex?" X Yes	No
h. Relationship of this case to the case rei		
'	based on the same or similar claims.	
`	tially identical transactions, incidents, or ever	nts requiring the determination of
	possession of, or damages to the same prop	ertv.
	lire substantial duplication of judicial resource	<i>'</i>
Additional explanation is a	•	
i. Status of case:		
X pending		
dismissed with	without prejudice	
disposed of by judgment		
2. a. Title:		
Case number:		
Court: same as above other state or federal co		
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d∤ Department: ☑		
Form Approved for Optional Use	NOTICE OF RELATED CASE	Page 1 of 3 Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3300
Judiārāl Council of California CM-015 [Rev. July 1, 2007]	HOHOL OF RELATED CAGE	Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3200 www.courtinfo.ca.gov

CM	CM-015 [Rev. July 1, 2007] NOTICE OF RELATED CA	SE © EB
	(TYPE OR PRINT NAME OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY)	(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY)
	WALTER J. LACK	Wallew xhack
Da	Date: December 8, 2008	1.1.44
4.	4. Additional related cases are described in Attachment 4. Number of page 2.	ages attached:
	disposed of by judgment	
	pending dismissed with without prejudice	
	i. Status of case:	
	Additional explanation is attached in attachment 3h	
	is likely for other reasons to require substantial duplication of judic	
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	arises from the same or substantially identical transactions, incide the same or substantially identical questions of law or fact.	ents, or events requiring the determination of
	involves the same parties and is based on the same or similar cla	
	h. Relationship of this case to the case referenced above (check all that ap	ply):
		Yes No
	f. Filing date:	
	d. Department: e. Case type: Ilmited civil unlimited civil probate [family law other (specify):
	other state or federal court (name and address):	
	c. Court: same as above	
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	the same or substantially identical questions of law or fact. involves claims against, title to, possession of, or damages to the	e same property.
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	involves the same parties and is based on the same or similar c	laims.

	CHI-013
PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: ACOSTA CORTES, et al.	CASE NUMBER:
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: DOLE FOOD CO., INC., et al.	

		SERVICE BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL IOTICE OF RELATED CASE
(N co	OTE: You cannot serve the Notice of Relate	d Case if you are a party in the action. The person who served the notice must st be served on all known parties in each related action or proceeding.)
1.	I am at least 18 years old and not a party to t place, and my residence or business address	this action. I am a resident of or employed in the county where the mailing took is (specify):
2.	prepaid and (check one):	by enclosing it in a sealed envelope with first-class postage fully
	with which I am readily familiar. On t	the United States Postal Service. ction and processing for mailing, following this business's usual practices, the same day correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is business with the United States Postal Service.
3.	The Notice of Related Case was mailed: a. on (date): b. from (city and state):	
4.	The envelope was addressed and mailed as f	follows:
	a. Name of person served:	c. Name of person served:
	Street address:	Street address:
	City:	City:
	State and zip code:	State and zip code:
	b. Name of person served:	d. Name of person served:
	Street address:	Street address:
	City:	City:
	State and zip code:	State and zip code:
	Names and addresses of additional person	s served are attached. (You may use form POS-030(P).)
١d	leclare under penalty of perjury under the laws	of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.
Da	ate:	
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	(TYPE OR PRINT NAME OF DECLARANT)	(SIGNATURE OF DECLARANT)
		, (a

EEB

1. At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this action.

2. I served copies of the (specify documents):

Summons; Complaint; Civil Case Cover Sheet; Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum and Statement of Location; Notice of Related Case; Notice of Case Assignment; Adr Information Packet

3. a. Party served (specify name of party as shown on documents served):

DOLE FRESH FRUIT COMPANY

b. [X] Person (other than the party in item 3a) served on behalf of an entity or as an authorized agent (and not a person under item 5b whom substituted service was made) (specify name and relationship to the party named in item 3a): MARGARET WILSON, PROCESS SPECIALIST/ AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS, A white female approx. 55-65 years of age 5'4"-5'6" in height weighing 120-140 lbs with gray hair

4. Address where the party was served:

CT CORPORATION SYSTEM, 818 W 7TH Street, LOS ANGELES, CA 90017

5. I served the party (check proper box)

- a. [X] by personal service. I personally delivered the documents listed in item 2 to the party or person authorized to receive service of process for the party (1) on (date): 12/10/2008 (2) at (time): 2:00 PM
- b. [] by substituted service. On (date): (2) at (time): I left the documents listed in item 2 with or in the presence of (name and title or relationship to person indicated in item 3):
 - (1) [] (business) a person at least 18 years of age apparently in charge at the office or usual place of business of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general nature of the papers.
 - (2) [] (home) a competent member of the household (at least 18 years of age) at the dwelling house or usual place of abode of the party. I informed him or her of the general nature of the papers.
 - (3) [] (physical address unknown) a person of at least 18 years of age apparently in charge at the usual mailing addresss of the person to be served, other than a United States Postal Service post office box. I informed him or her of the general nature of the papers.
 - (4) [] I thereafter mailed (by first-class, postage prepaid) copies of the documents to the person to be served at the place where the copies were left (Code Civ. Proc., § 415.20). I mailed the documents on (date): from (city): or [] a declaration of mailing is attached.
 - (5) [] I attach a declaration of diligence stating actions taken first to attempt personal service.

Page 1 of 2 Code of Civil Procedure, § 417.10

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California POS-010 [Rev. January 1, 2007]

PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

Order No. 5640145 LAX FIL



	Ca	ase	2:09-	cv-0019	93-C	AS-VE	3K	Document 1	Filed	01/09/09	Page 6	1 of 65	Page ID	#:61
	4	PLA	INTIFF/P	ETITIONER	: COI	RTES		<u>"</u>			O NUMBE		03364	
_	DE	EŃD	ANT/RE	SPONDENT	: DOI	E F00	D CO	MPANY, INC.			1	D 04	00004	
,							*********		·					
	C.		addres (1) on	ss shown i <i>(date):</i>	in item (2)	4, by fi	rst-cl c <i>ity):</i>	receipt of service ass mail, postage	prepaid,					the
				addres	sed to	me. (A	ttach	tice and Acknowle completed Notice	and Ack	nowledgment	of Receipt) (Code C	Civ. Proc., § 41	15.30)
				-				lifornia with return			de Civ. Pr	oc., § 415	.40)	
	d.] by oth	ter means	s (spe	cify mea	ans o	f service and author	orizing co	de section):				
		[] Addition	onal page	descr	ibing se	rvice	is attached.						
6	. Th	e "N	lotice to	the Perso	n Ser	ved" (on	ı the	summons) was co	mpleted	as follows:				
	a.	[] as an	individual	defen	dant.								
	b.	[] as the	person si	ued ur	nder the	fictit	ious name of (spe	cify):					
	C,	[] as occ	cupant										
	d.	[X	On be under	half of (sp the follow	<i>ecify).</i> ing Co	DOLE ode of C	FRE: Civil F	SH FRUIT COMPAI Procedure section:	NY					
				[] 416	5,20 (c 5,30 (j 5,40 (a	lefunct o	corpo ck co ion o	oration) mpany/associatior r partnership)) [[[1 415.95 (b 1 416.60 (m 1 416.70 (w 1 416.90 (a 1 415.46 (o 1 other	ninor) /ard or con uthorized p	servatee)	, form unknow	n)
7	. Pe	2750	n who :	served pa	pers									
	a. b. c. d.	Na Add Tel	me: dress: ephone e fee foi	number: r service w		Mario 261 S. 213-62 \$59.50	. Flgr 21-99	eroa Street, SUIT <mark>i</mark>	E 280, LC	S ANGELES,	, CA 90012			
	-	(2)	[] 6	not a regis exempt fro egistered	m regi	istration	und	ocess server. er Business and P server:	rofessior	s Code section	on 22 350(b).		BY FAX
			(i) []ov ii) [X]Re iii)[X]Co	egistra	[] er tion No.	.: 5′	yee [X]indepen 143 os Angeles	dent con	tractor				•
ı	3. [-	declar or	e under pe	enalty	of perju	ıry ur	nder the laws of the	e State o	f California th	at the fore	joing is tru	e and correct	•
!	Э. []	l am a (California	sheri	ff or ma	arsha	al and I certify tha	t the fore	going is true	and correc	t.		

Date: 12/12/2008

Mario Lopez (NAME OF PERSON WHO SERVED PAPERS/SHERIFF OR MARSHAL) (S)G

POS-010 [Rev. January 1, 2007]



vs.

Page 2 of 2

Order No. 5640145 | AX Fil

Order No. 5640145 LAX FIL

Case 2:09-cv-00193-CAS_VBK Document 1 Filed 01/09/09 Page 62 of 65 Page ID #162 ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, Sta ar number, and address): ENGSTROM, LIPSCOMB & LACK LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT 10/100 SANTA MONICA BLVD. 16th Floor LOS ANGELES, CA 90067 TELEPHONE NO.: 310 552-3800 FAX NO. (Optional): 310 552-9434 DEC 15 2008 EMAIL ADDRESS (Optional): ATTORNEY FOR (Name): JORGE ACOSTA CORTES JOHN A. (CLARKE, CLERK SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES. STREET ADDRESS: 111 North Hill Street MAILING ADDRESS: Room 109 CITY AND ZIP CODE: Los Angeles 90012 BRANCH NAME: Central District, Stanley Mosk Courthouse CASE NUMBER: PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: JORGE ACOSTA CORTES BC403364 DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC. Ref. No. or File No.: 38000/2733/ACOSTA CORTES

1. At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this action.

PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

2. I served copies of the (specify documents): Summons; Complaint; Civil Case Cover Sheet; Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum and Statement of Location; Notice of Related Case; Notice of Case Assignment; Adr Information Package

3, a. Party served (specify name of party as shown on documents served): DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC.

b. [X] Person (other than the party in item 3a) served on behalf of an entity or as an authorized agent (and not a person under item 5b whom substituted service was made) (specify name and relationship to the party named in item 3a): Margaret Wilson, Process Specialist/Agent for Service of Process, A white female approx. 55-65 years of age 5'4"-5'6" in height weighing 120-140 lbs with gray hair

4. Address where the party was served: CT CORPORATION SYSTEM, 818 W 7TH Street, LOS ANGELES, CA 90017

- 5. I served the party (check proper box)
 - a. [X] by personal service. I personally delivered the documents listed in item 2 to the party or person authorized to receive service of process for the party (1) on (date): 12/10/2008 (2) at (time): 2:00 PM
 - b. [] by substituted service. On (date): (2) at (time): I left the documents listed in item 2 with or in the presence of (name and title or relationship to person indicated in item 3):
 - (1) [] (business) a person at least 18 years of age apparently in charge at the office or usual place of business of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general nature of the papers.
 - (2) [] (home) a competent member of the household (at least 18 years of age) at the dwelling house or usual place of abode of the party. I informed him or her of the general nature of the papers.
 -] (physical address unknown) a person of at least 18 years of age apparently in charge at the usual mailing (3) [addresss of the person to be served, other than a United States Postal Service post office box. I informed him or her of the general nature of the papers.
 -] I thereafter mailed (by first-class, postage prepaid) copies of the documents to the person to be served at the place where the copies were left (Code Civ. Proc., § 415.20). I malled the documents on (date): or [] a declaration of mailing is attached. (city):
 - (5) [] I attach a declaration of diligence stating actions taken first to attempt personal service.

Code of Civil Procedure. § 417.10

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California POS-010 [Rev. January 1, 2007]

PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

Order No. 5276056 LAX FIL



PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: JORGE ACOSTA CORTES	BC403364
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: DOLE FOOD COMPANY, INC.	
 c. [] by mail and acknowledgment of receipt of service. I mailed the document address shown in item 4, by first-class mail, postage prepaid, (1) on (date): (2) from (city): (3) [] with two copies of the Notice and Acknowledgment of Receipt and addressed to me. (Attach completed Notice and Acknowledgment (4) [] to an address outside California with return receipt requested. (Cod. [] by other means (specify means of service and authorizing code section): 	i a postage-paid return envelope of Receipt.) (Code Civ. Proc., § 415.30)
[] Additional page describing service is attached.	
4] 416.20 (defunct corporation) [] 416.60 (m	ard or conservatee) uthorized person)
7. Person who served papers a. Name: b. Address: c. Telephone number: d. The fee for service was: e. I am: (1) [] not a registered California process server. (2) [] exempt from registration under Business and Professions Code section (3) [X] registered California process server: (i) [] owner [] employee [X] independent contractor (ii) [X] Registration No.: 5143 (iii) [X] County: Los Angeles	LEG
8. [X] I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that	et the foregoing is true and correct.
or 9. [] I am a California sheriff or marshal and I certify that the foregoing is true a Date: 12/12/2008	
Mario Lopez (NAME OF PERSON WHO SERVED PAPERS/SHERIFF OR MARSHAL)	(SIGNATURE)

POS-010 (Rev. January 1, 2007)

*OS-010 (Rev. Janua

PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

Page 2 of 2



LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT

DEC 2 3 2008

JOHNA. CLARKE, CLERK D. Olmos BY A. OLMOS, DEPUTY

NOTICE SENT TO:

Lack, Walter, J., Esq. Engstrom, Lipscomb & Lack 10100 Santa Monica Blvd., 12th Floor Los Angeles 90067 CA

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

CASE NUMBER JORGE ACOSTA CORTES ET AL Plaintiff(s), BC403364 VS. DOLE FOOD COMPANY INC ET AL Notice of Case Reassignment and of Defendant(s). Order for Plaintiff to Give Notice

TO THE PLAINTIFF(S) AND PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY OF RECORD or PLAINTIFF(S) IN PROPRIA PERSONA:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that effective January 2, 2009, an order was made that the aboveentitled action, previously assigned to Irving Feffer, is now and shall be assigned to Abraham Khan as an Individual Calendar (IC), direct calendaring judge for all purposes. including trial, in Department 51. (See Chapter 7, Los Angeles Court Rules.) All matters on calendar in this case will remain set on the dates previously noticed, in the Department indicated above unless otherwise ordered by the court.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that the order directs that plaintiff and counsel for the plaintiff shall give notice of this all purpose case assignment by serving a copy of this Notice on all parties to this action within 10 days of service of this Notice by the court, and file proof of service thereof within 12 days of this Notice. Failure to timely give notice and file proof of service may lead to imposition of sanctions pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 177.5 or otherwise.

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I, the below named Executive Officer/Clerk of the above-entitled court, do hereby certify that I am not a party to the cause herein, and that on this date I served the Notice of Case Reassignment and Order upon each party or counsel named above by depositing in the United States mail at the courthouse in Los Angeles, California, one copy of the original filed/entered herein in a separate sealed envelope to each address as shown above with the postage thereon fully prepaid.

Date: December 23, 2008

John A. Clarke, EXECUTIVE OFFICER/CLERK

i **a.** Olmos Deputy Clerk NOTICE SENT TO:

Beaumont

Fisher, Joe J., II Provost*Umphrey Law Firm P.O. Box 4905

TX 77704

FFED
LOS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT

DEC 2 3 2008

JOHN A. CLARKE, CLERK

BY A. OLMOS, DEPUTY

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA	, COUNTY OF LOS	ANGELES
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JORGE ACOSTA CORTES ET AL		CASE NUMBER
VS.	Plaintiff(s),	BC403364
DOLE FOOD COMPANY INC ET AL	T AL Defendant(s).	Notice of Case Reassignment and of
		Order for Plaintiff to Give Notice

TO THE PLAINTIFF(S) AND PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY OF RECORD or PLAINTIFF(S) IN PROPRIA PERSONA:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that effective <u>January 2, 2009</u>, an order was made that the above-entitled action, previously assigned to <u>Irving Feffer</u>, is now and shall be assigned to <u>Abraham Khan</u> as an Individual Calendar (IC), direct calendaring judge for all purposes, including trial, in Department <u>51</u>. (See Chapter 7, Los Angeles Court Rules.) All matters on calendar in this case will remain set on the dates previously noticed, in the Department indicated above unless otherwise ordered by the court.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that the order directs that plaintiff and counsel for the plaintiff shall give notice of this all purpose case assignment by serving a copy of this Notice on all parties to this action within 10 days of service of this Notice by the court, and file proof of service thereof within 12 days of this Notice. Failure to timely give notice and file proof of service may lead to imposition of sanctions pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 177.5 or otherwise.

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I, the below named Executive Officer/Clerk of the above-entitled court, do hereby certify that I am not a party to the cause herein, and that on this date I served the Notice of Case Reassignment and Order upon each party or counsel named above by depositing in the United States mail at the courthouse in Los Angeles, California, one copy of the original filed/entered herein in a separate sealed envelope to each address as shown above with the postage thereon fully prepaid.

Date: December 23, 2008 John A. Clarke, EXECUTIVE OFFICER/CLERK

By______,Deputy Clerk